## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A magnetic recording medium comprising: a non-magnetic substrate;

a layer comprising aluminum (Al) or an Al alloy on the substrate, the layer having a substantially uniform pattern thereon; and

an underlayer over the layer comprising Al or an Al alloy; and a magnetic layer; wherein,

the pattern is substantially replicated on the magnetic layer to form a data zone such that magnetic grain clusters of the magnetic layer are separated by pattern boundaries, thereby minimizing grain interactions and increasing SNR.

- 2. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 1, further comprising a laser textured landing zone.
- 3. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the pattern comprises a substantially honeycomb pattern of aluminum oxide formed by anodization.
- 4. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 3, wherein the honeycomb pattern comprises substantially hexagonal cells.

- 5. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 4, wherein the cells have a diameter of about 50Å to about 5000Å and a depth of about 50Å to about 10,000Å.
- 6. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the Al or Al alloy layer has a thickness of about 50Å to about 5000Å.
- 7. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 6, wherein the Al or Al alloy layer has a thickness of about 500Åto about 1500Å.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 1, further comprising:

a seedlayer directly on the patterned Al or Al alloy layer;

an-the underlayer on the seedlayer and;
the magnetic layer on the underlayer.

9. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 8, wherein:

the substrate comprises a nickel phosphorus plated Al or Al alloy;
the seedlayer comprises nickel aluminum;
the underlayer comprises chromium vanadium; and
the magnetic layer comprises a cobalt-chromium-platinum-tantalum alloy.

- 10. (Original) The magnetic recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises nickel-phosphorus plated aluminum or aluminum alloy, or a glass, ceramic or glass-ceramic material.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a magnetic recording medium, the method comprising:

forming a layer of aluminum (Al) or Al alloy on a non-magnetic substrate; forming a substantially uniform pattern on the Al or Al alloy layer; and forming an underlayer over the layer of Al or Al alloy; and forming a magnetic layer; wherein,

the pattern is substantially replicated on the magnetic layer to form a data zone such that magnetic grain clusters of the magnetic layer are separated by pattern boundaries, thereby minimizing grain interactions and increasing SNR.

- 12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, comprising forming the pattern by anodizing the Al or Al alloy layer, wherein the pattern comprises aluminum oxide.
- 13. (Original) The method according to claim 12, comprising anodizing the Al or Al alloy layer to form a substantially honeycomb pattern containing substantially hexagonal cells.

- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 13, wherein the cells have a diameter of about 50Å to about 500Å and a depth of about 50Å to 10,000Å.
- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 11, comprising sputter depositing the Al or Al alloy layer to a thickness of about 50Å to about 5000Å.
- 16. (Original) The method according to claim 15, comprising sputter depositing the Al or Al alloy to a thickness of about 500Å to about 1500Å.
- 17. (Original) The method according to claim 13, comprising anodizing with a solution comprising about 1% to about 15% hydrogen phosphate for about 1 to about 15 minutes.
- 18. (Original) The method according to claim 11, comprising laser texturing the substrate to form a textured area which is substantially replicated on the magnetic layer to form a landing zone.
  - 19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 11, comprising: sputtering depositing a seedlayer directly on the patterned Al or Al alloy layer; sputter depositing—an the underlayer on the seedlayer; and sputter depositing—a the magnetic layer on the underlayer.

20. (Original) The method according to claim 19, wherein:

the substrate comprises nickel-phosphorous plated Al or an Al alloy;

the seedlayer comprises nickel aluminum;

the underlayer comprises chromium vanadium; and

the magnetic layer comprises an alloy of cobalt-chromium-platinum-tantalum.